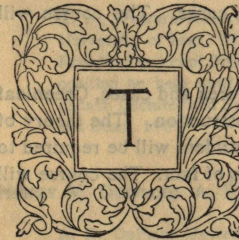


*Indiana Law School
University of Indianapolis
Nineteen Hundred Two
Nineteen Hundred Three
With Announcements of the
Faculty and Course of Study
Nineteen Hundred Three
Nineteen Hundred Four*

SUMMER SCHOOL OF PLEADING & PRACTICE



THE purpose of the School of Pleading and Practice is to prepare the student for the active practice of the law. The course of study embraces the more important branches of adjective or remedial law. The class-room instruction is applied practically in proceedings before a moot court, constituted, as far as is possible, in accordance with the organization of the regular state courts. The procedure before the moot court will conform to the requirements of the code, and no effort will be spared to make the student familiar with the methods pursued by the lawyer in the preparation and trial of his cases. With this in view there will be two sessions daily at the school. The morning session will consist of three hours' lectures, and the afternoon session will consist of the trial of causes before the moot court.

The persons whom this course will especially benefit, and who can not well afford to miss the advantages offered, are:

Those who have in view a course of study at some law school, and have as yet had no instruction in the law;

Those who have pursued the study of law privately, or in the office of an attorney, but have not had any systematic or regular instruction;

Those who are pursuing or have pursued a course of study in a law school, but wish to more thoroughly equip themselves for the practice.

The course will be equally advantageous to those who have studied in some school of this state, as well as to those who contemplate practicing in Indiana but have taken their course outside of the state;

Those who desire to review the principles of evidence and pleading;

Those practitioners who, not having had the advantage of regular instruction or who have not had any practical work during their student days, find themselves handicapped in accurately and properly applying their knowledge of the law to cases in hand.

JUNE 23 TO
AUGUST 7
1903

COURSE OF STUDY

MORNING SESSION

CONTRACTS. Bishop on Contracts will be used as a text-book, and the subject will be developed by the study of leading cases. The course will continue throughout the term, one hour daily.

EVIDENCE. This subject will be taught by lectures and cases, Greenleaf on Evidence, Volume I, being the basis of the instruction. The theory of the subject will be logically developed and the student will be required to apply the principles and rules to actual statements of fact. The course will continue throughout the term, one hour daily.

PRACTICE. Beginning with Justice Practice and developing through Civil, Criminal and Appellate Procedure, the course of lectures will cover in detail the requirements of the code. Motions, demurrers, pleadings will be prepared by the student, in exemplification of the rules of procedure.

EQUITY PLEADING. The fundamental principles will be fully discussed and practical illustrations required.

The course in Practice (including Equity Pleading) will continue throughout the term, one hour daily.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

MOOR COURTS. For the purpose of further familiarizing the student with procedure there will be daily sessions of this court. The court will be in charge of one of the instructors and will be as complete in its organization as is possible to make it. Besides the lecturer in charge, there will be selected from among the students an associate judge, a clerk and a sheriff. Cases will be tried to the court and to the court and jury, the jury being selected also from among the students. The attorneys on either side will be students and the assignments as officers of the court, counsel and jury will be so arranged as to give each student experience in as many of these positions as may be possible.

INSTRUCTORS

JAMES A. ROHBACH, A. M., LL. B. *Dean, Indiana Law School*

A. B., Western Reserve University, 1884; A. M., *ibid*, 1890. LL. B., University of Iowa, 1893. District Attorney, Union County, Pa., 1891. Resigned to accept Professorship of Law, University of Iowa, 1892, which position he held until 1899, when he removed to Indianapolis. Was chosen Lecturer and Secretary of the Faculty, Indiana Law School, 1899, and Dean, 1901. *Contracts*

HENRY M. DOWLING, A. B., LL. B. *Professor of Law, Indiana Law School*

A. B., DePauw University, 1893. LL. B., Harvard Law School, 1896. Instructor in the Indiana Law School since 1898. *Evidence*

LOUIS B. EWBANK. *Professor of Law, Indiana Law School*

Author of "Manual of Appellate Procedure," and "Indiana Trial Evidence." He has been connected with the Indiana Law School for a number of years. *Pleading and Practice*

JAMES M. OGDEN, Ph. B., LL. B. *Professor of Law, Indiana Law School*

Ph. B., DePauw University, 1894. LL. B., Harvard Law School, 1899. He has been an instructor in the Indiana Law School since 1899. *Justice Practice*

INFORMATION

The subjects offered in the course of study of the Summer School of Pleading and Practice are presented by those members of the faculty of the Indiana Law School who give instruction in the same courses in that school. This results in unusual advantage to the student, as he has the benefit of the experience of years of study, instruction and practice.

CALENDAR FOR NINETEEN HUNDRED THREE

This school will begin its fourth annual session Tuesday, June 23d, and continue for a period of seven weeks, closing August 7th; and it is urged that those who contemplate taking the course be present ready to begin their work on the morning of the opening day of the session.

The student will be assisted to places in offices and to library facilities and to whatever advantages may be offered during the session of the school.

FEES AND EXPENSES

The fee for tuition for the full course as offered by the Summer School, including moot court assignments, is \$25.00, payable in advance.

The expense of living in Indianapolis varies and depends largely upon the personal tastes of the student.

Rooms and board, including care of rooms, may be had at prices varying from \$2.50 to \$4.00 per week.

The student will find a list of desirable boarding and rooming places at the office of the school, and every effort will be made to get the student satisfactorily and conveniently located.

For further information address

JAMES A. ROHBACH, A. M., LL. B.
DEAN—INDIANA LAW SCHOOL
1117-1118 LAW BLDG., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

May 12, 1903.

CATALOGUE

OF THE

OFFICERS, INSTRUCTORS AND STUDENTS

OF THE

INDIANA LAW SCHOOL

Of the University of Indianapolis

FOR THE YEAR 1902-1903

WITH

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR THE YEAR 1903-1904

PUBLISHED BY THE UNIVERSITY

1903

Department of Medicine

The Medical College of Indiana

The faculty desires to call attention to the following points in connection with the school. The careful and thorough grading of the classes (this is not, as in many schools, merely in theory, but is complete and absolute); the classes never by any chance hear the same lecture repeated; a building specially erected for and owned by the college, containing ample room, and well stocked with teaching facilities, a dispensary in college building, well patronized; clinic rooms at hospitals, new and modern; women admitted on same terms as men; a four-year course rigidly administered, and finally a high grade of intelligence in its classes.

During the session of 1902-1903 there were 325 students in attendance.

For all particulars, address the Dean,

HENRY JAMESON, M. D.,

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF INDIANA,

Cor. Senate Ave. and Market St.

Indianapolis, Indiana.

Department of Dentistry

Indiana Dental College

The Indiana Dental College will begin its twenty-fifth annual session October 6, 1903. The college is now occupying its own building, which was erected for dental educational purposes. The building is on the southwest corner of Ohio and Delaware streets, centrally located and easily accessible from all parts of the city.

During the session of 1902-1903 there were 217 students in attendance. The growth of the college has been steady and sure, indicating its worth as an educational institute. Our students come from all parts of the United States.

The fame of our city as an educational center is rapidly spreading. Indianapolis is now closer to the center of population of the United States than any other city. Its railroad facilities, healthfulness and other advantages combine to render it an ideal college town.

For catalogue and further information, address

GEORGE E. HUNT, D. D. S., DEAN,

INDIANA DENTAL COLLEGE,

Indianapolis, Indiana.

Calendar

1903.

September 30. Fall Term begins, Wednesday.
September 30. Registration of students.
September 30. Preliminary examination.
September 30. Examination for admission to Senior Class.
November 25-30. Thanksgiving recess.
December 1. Lectures resumed.
December 18. Fall Term ends, Friday.

WINTER VACATION.

1904.

January 5. Winter Term begins, Tuesday.
March 11. Winter Term ends, Friday.

SPRING VACATION.

March 16. Spring Term begins, Wednesday.
April 6. Last day for submission of graduating thesis, Wednesday.
May 25. Commencement, Wednesday.

Indiana Law School

Faculty and Lecturers

JAMES A. ROHBACH, A. M., LL. B.,
Dean and Professor of Law

HENRY M. DOWLING, A. B., LL. B.,
Professor of Law

LOUIS B. EWBANK,
Professor of Law

JAMES M. OGDEN, Ph. B., LL. B.,
Professor of Law

WILLIAM F. ELLIOTT, A. B., LL. B.,
Instructor in Practice and Common Law Pleading

CHARLES W. MOORES, A. M., LL. B.,
Instructor in the Law of Personal Property and Sales

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Instructor in Equity and Equity Pleading

CHARLES F. COFFIN, A. M.,
Instructor in Insurance

AUGUSTUS L. MASON, A. M.,
Lecturer on Railroad Law

ADDISON C. HARRIS, A. M., LL. D.,
Lecturer on International Law and Wills

JOHN R. WILSON, A. B.,
Lecturer on Real Property

NOBLE C. BUTLER, LL. D.,
Lecturer on Federal Jurisprudence

Special Lecturers

HON. BYRON K. ELLIOTT, LL. D., ex-Judge Supreme Court of Indiana

HON. ALEXANDER DOWLING, Judge Supreme Court of Indiana

HON. JOHN V. HADLEY, A. B., Judge Supreme Court of Indiana

HON. LAWSON M. HARVEY, LL. B., ex-Judge Superior Court of Marion County

Indiana Law School

University of Indianapolis

The Indiana Law School was organized for the purpose of giving to the law students of the middle-west an opportunity to acquire a more thorough and systematic knowledge of the law than has heretofore been afforded them by any institution within easy reach of their homes. The success attending the past eight years has been highly encouraging.

In the affairs of the Law School, and of the University of Indianapolis, the year 1899 saw considerable development. The Law School was the first department to pass under the control of the University Board of Trustees. The Law School Board of Trustees has been dissolved, and all its interests turned over to the University proper.

The school now forms a part of the University of Indianapolis, and degrees and diplomas are conferred by authority of the Senate and Trustees of the University.

The need of comprehensive legal training is greater now than ever before. With the rapid growth of the country and the consequent complication of business affairs, the demand for thoroughly equipped law schools has greatly increased. The large number of professional schools, the great increase in the number of students enrolled in these schools, the more stringent requirements for admission and graduation are evidences of their popularity and efficiency. The profession of law is properly regarded as a learned profession, and only the most rigid and systematic instruction can prepare the student for a successful career in this very complex science. The day is past when a student could obtain adequate legal instruction in the office of an

attorney in active practice. The practicing attorney is ordinarily too much engrossed with his professional duties to give to the student in his office that personal attention which is necessary to properly guide him in his studies. The student in an office is thus thrown in great measure upon his own resources, and is obliged to pick his way well-nigh unaided through the most intricate branches of the law. More than this, he must pursue his studies subject to the many hindrances and annoyances imposed upon him by the duties he owes to the lawyer, in whose office he is.

It must be conceded that office training is of great value in a practical way, but it is urged that it alone can not to-day yield satisfactory results. He who is well versed in the science of the law will readily take up the routine of office work, but he who only knows the formal workings of a law office can seldom make a good lawyer.

The object of all college and university training should be to turn out a body of good learners, men who know how to study and who have learned how to use what they know. There can be no substitute for the daily contact of mind with mind—the mingling of numbers of alert and ambitious young men engaged in the pursuit of a common object.

A successful law school will give to its students a comprehensive and thorough knowledge of legal principles, coupled with a thorough acquaintance with the details of professional work. This school insists upon a knowledge of the growth and expansion of our system of law, it offers special preparation in the elementary principles of both substantive and remedial or adjective law; requiring frequent tests, both oral and written, it makes the student proficient in the expression of his knowledge of the law, and familiarizes him with the application of principles or rules to statements of facts.

METHODS OF INSTRUCTION.

The modes of instruction are varied and each has its special merits. The school has not confined itself to any one of these methods to the exclusion of the others, but permits the instructor

to choose that one which appeals most strongly to him and which in his judgment best suits the course to be presented.

The three leading methods of instruction as now applied in the best law schools are instruction by lectures, text-book instruction, and the study of cases. The first, instruction by lectures, has the peculiar merit of being the means of giving the most vivid and forcible illustrations of legal principles; the text-book instruction furnishes the most accessible and convenient means of study; and the study of leading cases gives the best training in legal reasoning.

The instruction, whether by lectures or by the use of a text-book, is accompanied and supplemented by the discussion in the class-room of leading cases, so that, in those subjects wherein a book of cases is not the basis of instruction the student is brought into familiarity with the leading or ruling cases, as well as with the authoritative cases of his own state. By this means, the student is trained thoroughly in the study of cases in almost every subject offered in the course, and the advantages of each of the modes of instruction are brought to his aid in his work. Some of the courses are based entirely upon the study of cases, especially where experience has demonstrated the advantages of that method.

The object of the instruction given is to familiarize the student with the principles of law, and to discipline the mind in proper legal reasoning, so as to prepare him for the practical work of an attorney in advising his client and caring for the interests which may be entrusted to him.

The greater part of the instruction is given by lecturers who meet their classes one hour a day throughout the year, or a considerable portion of the year, thus making it possible to so arrange the subjects as to present them in natural and logical order, and continuously until each subject is concluded. This plan enables the student to obtain a clearer and more thorough understanding of the subjects presented than would be possible by any other arrangement of the course.

In order to determine the progress of the student, as well as to furnish a stimulus in study, written examinations follow the completion of each course of instruction, and the candidate will

not be recommended for graduation unless a satisfactory grade has been maintained upon each subject taught in the two years' course.

The course of study covers a period of two years of thirty weeks each, exclusive of vacations, and the students are divided into two classes, viz: the Junior and the Senior Class, and each class has separate and distinct instruction throughout the course.

The elementary subjects and those which are fundamental, and therefore very essential to satisfactory advancement in the study of law, are placed in the Junior year, and include among others, Elementary Law, Contracts, Torts, Criminal Law, Evidence and Pleading. These subjects are the basis of a thorough preparation for advanced study, and a failure to master their elementary principles will be a serious obstacle to future progress in the study of the science of the law.

This school not only gives to the two classes separate and distinct instruction, but it has arranged the schedule of recitations in such manner as to devote two hours consecutively to each class; the Juniors having the earlier hours, and the Seniors the two succeeding hours.

This arrangement of the hours of instruction gives to the student the greatest use of his time for preparation, and makes it possible for the student in either class to attend the lectures to the other class. Those members of the Senior Class who have pursued their studies during the first year at some other school or in the office, or under the direction of an attorney, will find this arrangement of the hours of instruction of the greatest advantage in preparing thoroughly upon those subjects for which they do not have credit.

The instruction in the class-room to each class covers two hours daily, for five days in the week, and is divided between two subjects; however, during a portion of the year, each class will have a third subject at such hour as may be designated.

The schedule given below indicates the length of time devoted to each subject and the instructor in charge, and also presents the course of study in the order in which the subjects will be offered during the year 1903-1904.

JUNIOR YEAR.

FALL TERM.

Elementary Law. A course of lectures, with recitations in Fishback's Elementary Law. Four weeks. MR. OGDEN.

Contracts. Bishop on Contracts being used as a text-book, with study of cases. Ten weeks. MR. ROHBACH.

Code Pleading. Instruction by lectures, with Bliss on Code Pleading as a text-book, with practical exercises in drawing pleadings and drafting legal documents. Six weeks. MR. EWBANK.

WINTER TERM.

Torts. Cooley on Torts being used as a text-book, with study of cases. Seven weeks. MR. EWBANK.

Evidence. Recitations in Greenleaf on Evidence, Volume I, with study of cases. Seven weeks. MR. DOWLING.

Agency. Study of cases. Mecham's Cases on Agency being used as a text-book. Three weeks. MR. OGDEN.

Criminal Law. Study of cases. Clark's Criminal Cases being the text used. This course begins in the Winter Term and continues into the Spring Term. Three weeks. MR. DOWLING.

SPRING TERM.

Criminal Law. Continued. Two weeks. MR. DOWLING.

Sales and Personal Property. Recitations in Benjamin's Principles of Sales, with the discussion of leading cases. Six weeks. MR. MOORES.

Negotiable Instruments. Recitations in Norton on Bills and Notes. Five weeks. MR. OGDEN.

Domestic Relations. A course of lectures. Two weeks. MR. OGDEN.

Partnership. Study of cases. Three weeks. MR. EWBANK.

SENIOR YEAR.

FALL TERM.

Pleading and Practice. A course of lectures, with discussion of cases. Three weeks. MR. ELLIOTT.

Real Property. A course of lectures, with recitations and the study of cases. Ten weeks. MR. DOWLING.

Equity. A course of lectures with recitations and the study of cases. Merwin on Equity being the text-book used. Two hours per week throughout the term. To be continued during the Winter Term. MR. WILLIAMS.

Justice Practice. Recitations, with practical exercises. Three weeks. MR. OGDEN.

Common Law Pleading. Recitations in Shipman on Common Law Pleading. Three weeks. MR. ELLIOTT.

WINTER TERM.

Equity. Continued. Two hours per week throughout the term. MR. WILLIAMS.

Real Property. A course of lectures upon Estates. Four weeks. MR. WILSON.

Private Corporations. Lectures, and the study of cases, with recitations in Elliott on Private Corporations. Four weeks. MR. ROHBACH.

Public Corporations. A course of lectures, with the study of cases. Two weeks. MR. ROHBACH.

Railroad Law. A course of lectures. Two weeks. MR. MASON.

Carriers. Study of cases. Two weeks. MR. ROHBACH.

Mortgages. Recitations, with study of cases. Three weeks. MR. DOWLING.

Wills. A course of lectures. Three weeks. MR. HARRIS.

SPRING TERM.

Constitutional Law. Study of cases, Boyd's Cases on Constitutional Law being used as a text-book. Eight weeks. MR. DOWLING.

Probate Law. Lectures, with practical application of statutory

provisions on the execution and probate of wills, and the administration of decedents' estates. Two weeks. MR. OGDEN.

International Law. A course of lectures. Two weeks. MR. HARRIS.

Federal Jurisprudence. A course of lectures. One week. MR. BUTLER.

Appellate Procedure. Lectures, with practical exercises. Four weeks. MR. EWBANK.

SPECIAL LECTURES.

The school takes pleasure in announcing that there will be offered during the year, in addition to the subjects above enumerated, lectures by eminent members of the profession, whose names are given in the list of Special Lecturers. They will meet the classes at such times as may be designated. The lectures will cover special subjects in Constitutional Law, Real Property, Equity, Taxation, Legal Ethics, Procedure and Jurisprudence.

MOOT COURTS.

The most approved modern methods of education require that students shall not only be instructed in principles, but that, so far as practicable, they shall be made familiar with the actual doing of the thing taught. The importance of moot courts as one of the most effective means to this end has long been recognized. It is only recently, however, that legal educators have granted to the moot court the position it really merits. In the rudimentary form of moot court, the form that has prevailed in some of the leading law schools, the student is confined to mere argument upon more or less difficult points of law. It is true such exercise impresses upon the mind of the student what he has heard in his classes, and so is an aid to instruction. The real function of the moot court is not so much to teach the substantive law, as to familiarize the student with the procedure of the courts. The moot court must be made, so far as possible, the counterpart of the real court, and the student must be trained in the fictitious suits so that he may acquit himself with credit

upon the trial of his first real case. Statements of fact are furnished, and students appointed counsel to represent the interests involved. Pleadings are prepared, to which motions, demurrers or answers are addressed by opposing counsel. An issue being formed, a trial is had before judge or jury. Changes of venue and continuances may be had by taking the proper steps. Juries may be impaneled, arguments are made, and after judgment, appeals are taken. In all things the similitude to actual practice in the courts is maintained so far as is possible. There will be four separate moot courts, under the supervision of the following instructors: Messrs. Rohbach, Dowling, Ogden and Ewbank.

LIBRARIES.

The school maintains a good working library, consisting of the Indiana Reports, the American Decisions, American Reports, and American State Reports, the Lawyers' Reports Annotated, The American and English Encyclopedia of Law (first and second editions), Encyclopedia of Pleading and Practice, The Encyclopedia of Forms, Digests and Statutes, numerous English Reports and Notes, etc.

The law library of the Supreme Court of Indiana, which has a wide reputation for its completeness, is located in the state capitol, as is also the Indiana State (miscellaneous) library.

By the courtesy of the Indianapolis Bar Association, students of the school are allowed, under certain restrictions and regulations, the free use of its large and very complete law library in the county court-house.

The new building of the Indianapolis Public Library contains reading-rooms open to the public on every day and evening of the week. All periodicals and books of reference may be found there. The State Library also has a reading-room in connection with it. The Indianapolis Public Library is but two blocks from the school. All of these libraries are open without charge.

UNIVERSITY AND STUDENTS' DAY.

The incorporation of Butler College, the Indiana Medical College, the Indiana Dental College and the Indiana Law School into the University of Indianapolis has already brought about a comradeship among the students which adds zest and interest to school life. The 22d of February has been set apart as a permanent students' day, on which appropriate exercises are held.

LOCATION OF SCHOOL.

The school is located in the Stevenson building, situated in the central part of the city. The building has been specially fitted up with a view to its occupancy by the Law School. The Supreme and Appellate Courts of Indiana hold their sessions in the state capitol, near by. The United States Courts are held in the federal building, close at hand. The Marion Circuit Court, the Marion Criminal Court and the three divisions of the Marion Superior Court are held in the county court-house, within a few minutes' walk.

ADVANTAGES OF LOCATION.

As the location for a law school the city of Indianapolis has no superior in the country. Nowhere has the student better opportunities to watch the progress of all sorts of litigation in courts of all grades. All of the courts of the state of Indiana, from the Supreme Court down to that of lowest jurisdiction, and also the United States Circuit and District Courts, are in almost continuous session here during the school year. The value to the student of the knowledge of court procedure to be thus secured can hardly be placed too high. He not only learns routine court work, but he learns, also, the manner of cross-examination of witnesses; he sees the practical application of the rules governing the admission of evidence and the methods of its introduction; not only this, but the student is thus afforded opportunities to observe and study the trial methods and styles of argument of prominent lawyers from all parts of the country as they are brought here by litigation in which they are interested.

The classes may attend the open sessions of the Supreme Court,

where they are greatly interested and instructed by the oral argument of some of the ablest lawyers of the country.

Indianapolis presents the advantages of city life without the drawbacks of a city of the largest size. The cost of living here is low, although it is the seat of great professional and commercial activity. The litigation arising in the different courts is of the most varied character, and involves the most diverse business interests, and the student may thus acquaint himself with business methods as well as court procedure.

ADMISSION TO JUNIOR CLASS.

While there is no preliminary examination for admission to the Junior Class, candidates for such admission must convince the faculty that they possess such an education as may be obtained in the public schools of accepted grade. The faculty considers such preparation for the study of the law a very essential requirement for a thorough knowledge of the subjects offered the students in the schedule of studies.

ADMISSION TO SENIOR CLASS.

Students who have successfully completed the Junior year, or who have done equivalent work at other law schools approved by the Faculty of the Indiana Law School and the Senate of the University of Indianapolis, will be admitted to the Senior Class upon the following conditions: Such applicant will be required to pass successfully examinations upon a number of the subjects had by him, in order to show the degree of proficiency of the work he has done, the school giving credit after such test for the remaining subjects for which he brings credit from his former school.

Other candidates for the Senior Class will be required to pass a satisfactory written examination upon at least five of the subjects covered by the course of study in the Junior year, and all candidates for graduation will be required to have credit, either in this school or by certificate from some other recognized school, for all subjects in the two years' course.

DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES.

The degree of Bachelor of Laws will be conferred by the University of Indianapolis upon each student who, having attended at least one full school year, shall pass satisfactorily the examinations and fulfill the conditions required, and shall be recommended for the degree by the faculty of the school.

Any student who completes part of the course, though not entitled to graduate, may, upon application to the Dean, receive a certificate showing his work and standing.

To entitle a student to graduate or to pass from the Junior to the Senior Class a grade of 75 per cent. at least upon his examinations in each subject will be required.

GRADUATION.

Two years' study is required for graduation, one year of which must have been spent in this school. Students will be given credit for time of study in another school or in the office of some attorney to the extent of one year.

Each candidate for graduation will be required to write a thesis upon some subject chosen from a list of subjects to be furnished by the faculty. The thesis shall not be less than 2,500 words nor more than 5,000 words in length, exclusive of citations. The character of the thesis will be considered in determining the qualification of the candidate for graduation. All theses must be handed to the faculty on or before the second Wednesday of April, next preceding commencement. The faculty will submit the subjects for the theses and the requirements as to same before the close of the Fall term each year.

ADMISSION TO THE BAR.

The diploma of the Law School of the University of Indianapolis will admit the graduate to the bar of the Supreme Court of Indiana, and also to that of the United States Courts, without examination.

PRIZES.

The following prizes are offered for the year 1903-1904, viz:
The EDWARD THOMPSON COMPANY Prize, consisting of a com-

plete set of the Encyclopedia of Pleading and Practice, offered by the Edward Thompson Company, Publishers, Northport, L. I., N. Y., will be presented to that member of the graduating class who has maintained the highest grade, such grade being determined by the excellence of the thesis and class-room standing.

The SENIOR LAW SCHOOL PRIZE, Bouvier's Law Dictionary (2 Vols.), offered by the school, will be presented to the member of the graduating class whose general average is second highest, such average being determined by the excellence of the thesis and class-room standing.

The JUNIOR LAW SCHOOL PRIZE, a free scholarship for the Senior year, is offered by the school to the member of the Junior Class who has attained the highest average grade in the class-room for that year.

The BOWEN-MERRILL Prize, consisting of a set of Elliott's General Practice, offered by the Bowen-Merrill Company, Publishers, Indianapolis, will be presented to that member of the Junior Class whose general average during the year is second highest.

The THIRD JUNIOR Prize, consisting of Andrews' American Law, will be presented to the member of the Junior Class whose general average during the year entitles him to third place.

The REES WELSH AND COMPANY Prize, consisting of a set of Greenleaf on Evidence, Lewis' edition, 3 Vols., offered by Rees Welsh & Co., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa., will be presented to the member of the Junior Class who passes with highest grade a special examination in Evidence; this examination to be held on or about the fifteenth day of April; no student, however, will be permitted to take this examination whose general average for the year's work up to that date does not equal at least eighty-five per cent.

SESSIONS AND VACATIONS.

The school year of 1903-1904 begins September 30, 1903, and ends May 25, 1904, and is divided into three terms of approximately equal length. There will be a holiday vacation, including Christmas and New Year, a spring vacation, and such other recesses as are indicated by the calendar.

The examinations for admission to the Senior Class, and Registration Day is Wednesday, September 30, 1903.

BOOKS.

In addition to the books required for the class-room, and which are enumerated in the course of study, we would advise the student to supply himself with the following: Anderson's Law Dictionary; Blackstone's Commentaries, either Cooley's or Lewis' edition; Andrews' American Law; the Indiana Statutes.

FEES AND EXPENSES.

The cost of tuition in either the Junior or the Senior course is \$75 for the year.

The tuition is payable in advance, and may be paid at the rate of \$25 per term.

A subscription price of one and one-half dollars is charged each student for The Law Notes, published four times during the school year. This quarterly contains hypothetical cases, synopses, collection of cases, etc., supplemental to the class-room work, and these collections are made part of the required work in the class-room.

Each student upon passing his final examination is required to pay the sum of \$5 as a graduation fee.

Other expenses may be made very reasonable. Good board and rooms may be obtained at prices varying from \$2.50 to \$4.50 per week, including fuel, light and care of the rooms. Where two students room together the cost may be lessened. The student will find a list of desirable boarding and rooming places at the office of the school, and every effort will be made to get the student satisfactorily and conveniently located.

The student will be assisted to offices and to library facilities, and whatever advantage may be offered during the session of the school.

For further information address the Dean,

JAMES A. ROHBACH,

1117-1118 Law Building,

Indianapolis, Ind.

Prizes and Honors

AWARDED AT THE COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES, MAY 28, 1902.

THE EDWARD THOMPSON PRIZE

FRED MCCALLISTER, A. B., Shannondale, Ind.

THE ROHBACH PRIZE

FRANK SEIDENSTICKER, Indianapolis, Ind.

HONORABLE MENTION

WILLARD BEHARREL GEMMILL, Ph. B., Rigdon, Ind.

JACOB CLYDE HOFFMAN, Dublin, Ind.

THE LAW SCHOOL PRIZE

Equally divided between

JOSEPH WESLEY HUTCHINSON, Thorntown, Ind.,

and

ARTHUR DAVID MCKINLEY, Muncie, Ind.

THE BOWEN-MERRILL PRIZE

HERMAN NICHOLAS HIPSKIND, Wabash, Ind.

THE THIRD JUNIOR PRIZE

WALTER ELISHA COOPER, Wilkinson, Ind.

HONORABLE MENTION

ROBERT HAMILTON WILLIAMS, Fincastle, Ind.

GAYLORD ROSCOE HAWKINS, B. S., Indianapolis.

CHARLES HENRY GERHART, Indianapolis.

THE REES WELSH AND COMPANY PRIZE

EMSLEY WRIGHT JOHNSON, A. B., Nora, Ind.

Graduates of 1902

CHARLES LEO BARRY	RALPH WILBUR McCONNELL
CHARLES LEWIS BIEDERWOLF	CHARLES CLYDE McGARY
MICHAEL FRITSCH BOHLAND	WILLIAM STEENROD McMASTER
ERNEST THOMAS BROWN	JOSEPH THOMAS MARKEY
WALTER GRESHAM BUTLER	JOSEPH MILTON MILNER
CHARLES BEESON CALVERT	CHARLES JUDSON OFFUTT
MERRILL CECIL CAREY	WILLIAM GEORGE OLIVER
THOMAS CLYDE CARMICHAEL	SAMUEL ELLIOTT PERKINS, JR., A.B.
FRANK GARFIELD CARPENTER, B.L.	CLAYTON PRICE
CHARLES MILTON CLARKE	DAN PYLE, Ph. B.
WARREN CRAIN	OSCAR RATTS
GEORGE LITTRELL DENNY, A. B.	JOHN ADDISON RAWLINGS
FRANK ROSCOE DULIN	THOMAS NEWTON REGAN
GEORGE MAURICE EBERHART	CLYDE RIGGS
JAMES RISTINE FRAZER	BERNHARDT EDWARD SATTLER
WILLARD BEHARREL GEMMILL, Ph. B.	
POOL MINEAR GRAHAM	CURTIS GILES SCOFIELD
EDGAR SHERMAN HADLEY	FRANK SEIDENSTICKER
WILLIAM MORSE HEDRICK	JOHN MARCUS SHEETS
FRANK NICHOLS HENDERSON	PAUL KENNETH SHEPARD
JACOB CLYDE HOFFMAN	WALTER EBENEZER SMITH
ARTHUR PATTERSON HUFFER	JOHN HENRY STAHL
ALLEN WEBSTER JACKSON	WILLIAM PAUL STRATTON, Ph. B.
JESSE HOLMAN JOHNSTON	CHARLES LESSLIE TINDALL
JAMES MCKNIGHT LAWSON, A. B.	RUSSELL HALE VAUGHT
CARL RAYMOND LOOP, A. B.	GUY WALTERMIRE
HERBERT ARNOLD LUCKEY	JOHN STANLEY WILLIAMS, B. S.
FRED MCCALLISTER, A. B.	FREDERICK HARVEY WINTERS, A.B.

Undergraduates 1902-1903

SENIOR CLASS.

NAME.	DEGREE.	RESIDENCE.
ADKINSON, WESLEY HARRY.....		Indianapolis.
ALTER, JOHN HARRIS.....		Rushville.
	A. B., Central Normal College.	
ARNOLD, LEROY OGLEVEE.....		New Haven, Pa.
ASCHE, ALBERT.....		Indianapolis.
AYE, ELIAS JAY.....		Delaware, Ohio.
	A. B., Ohio Wesleyan University.	
BALL, BLAINE HUGH.....		Arlington.
BARNETT, ORAL STANLEY.....		Franklin.
BARR, RALPH KINGSLEY.....		Kendallville.
BARRETT, FRED ELBERT.....		Indianapolis.
BRILLHART, DON OWEN.....		Kendallville.
	A. B., University of Michigan.	
CARPENTER, WILBUR GARFIELD.....		Fort Wayne.
CAVE, ALFRED NOAH.....		Indianapolis.
CHAPPELL, JOHN KELLOGG.....		Algiers.
CLAWSON, OLIVER DOUGLASS.....		Marion.
	B. S., Marion Normal College.	
COOPER, WALTER ELISHA.....		Wilkinson.
CURLEY, JAMES JOSEPH.....		Indianapolis.
EMHARDT, ADOLPH GUSTAV.....		Indianapolis.
EMRICK, EDWIN HARRY.....		Richmond.

NAME.	DEGREE.	RESIDENCE.
ETHELL, JOHN EDWARD.....		Muncie.
EVERINGHAM, ARTHUR C.....		Hutsonville, Ill.
	Ph. B., Franklin College.	
GASTON, CAREY WALLACE.....		Danville.
	B. S., Central Normal College.	
GERHART, CHARLES HENRY.....		Indianapolis.
GOULD, HORACE LINWOOD.....		Marion.
HARDY, RUFUS GUY.....		Bloomfield, Iowa.
HAWKINS, GAYLORD ROSCOE.....		Indianapolis.
	B. S., Princeton University.	
HAWKINS, MORTON S.....		Portland.
HIPSKIND, HERMAN NICHOLAS.....		Wabash.
HODGES, JAMES LINDSAY.....		Milan.
HUTCHINSON, JOSEPH WESLEY.....		Thorntown.
JACKSON, OMER STOKES.....		Greenfield.
JEFFREY, WILLIAM EPHRAIM.....		Connersville.
JOHNSON, EMSLEY WRIGHT.....		New Augusta.
	Ph. B., The University of Chicago.	
KAELEN, CHARLES THEODORE.....		Indianapolis.
KERN, GEORGE TILDEN.....		Hebron.
LESLEY, CHARLES DANIEL.....		Buck Creek.
	B. S., Northern Indiana Normal College.	
LITTLE, JAMES BURDETTE.....		Indianapolis.
	Ph. B., DePauw University.	
MCCARTY, RALPH DOVE.....		Indianapolis.
MCKINLEY, ARTHUR DAVID.....		Muncie.
MACE, LAWSON NICHOLAS.....		Lexington.
MARSH, ROBERT INGERSOLL.....		Greenfield.

NAME.	DEGREE.	RESIDENCE.
MILLER, CLYDE PLACE		Indianapolis.
MILLER, HARRY CALVIN.....		Indianapolis.
PAYNE, GEORGE WASHINGTON.....		Boggs town.
B. S., Central Normal College.		
PETTIJOHN, CHARLES CLYDE.....		Indianapolis.
PIXLER, FRANK RAY.....		Indianapolis.
RASSMANN, FRED WOLFE.....		Indianapolis.
SCHLOSSER, ISAAC CHALMER.....		New Palestine.
SCOTT, ELMER EUGENE.....		Indianapolis.
SCOTTEN, ERNEST GUY.....		Newman, Ill.
SEAL, FLAVIAN A		Loogootee.
SOMERS, BYRON HOLMES.....		Fort Wayne.
STUPPY, FRANK MURPHY.....		Creston.
VONNEGUT, THEODORE FRANKLIN.....		Indianapolis.
WEYL, CARL HENRY.....		Franklin.
Ph. B., Franklin College.		

WILLIAMSON, AUSTIN HUGH.....	Redkey.
YOUNG, HOWARD SLOAN.....	Indianapolis.
Ph. B., The University of Chicago.	

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JUNIOR CLASS.

ADNEY, ROY WALKINS.....	Lebanon.
ASKREN, EARL J.....	Logansport.
BASYE, OTTO.....	Indianapolis.
A. B., DePauw University.	

BEAM, JOHN WESLEY.....	Coldwater, Ohio.
BEASLEY, BERT.....	Hymera.
BEHYMER, FORNEY LITTLETON.....	Marion.
BENNETT, EDWARD WILLIAM.....	Odon.

NAME.	DEGREE.	RESIDENCE.
BRYANT, BURTON HOPKINS.....		Brazil.
BURK, VINTON.....		Mooresville.
BURNETT, OTIS MONROE.....		Dana.
CLINE, HUGH CURNS.....		Clayton.
COLLINS, JAMES ADAMS.....		Indianapolis.
CRISLIP, BRAYTON.....		Carey, Ohio.
CULBERTSON, DAVID FRANK.....		Edwardsport.
CURTIS, JAMES CLARENCE.....		Waldron.
DAVIS, EDWARD WOLFE.....		Rising Sun.
DOLEN, EMMETT DANIEL.....		Mooresville.
HANNA, HORACE LINCOLN.....		Plainfield.
HANNA, THOMAS JOHN.....		Burnettsville.
HENDERSON, JOSEPH CRABB.....		Anderson.
HOLLIDAY, EUGENE AARON.....		Brazil.
JACKSON, ROWLAND H.....		Versailles.
JAMISON, OLIVER BENJAMIN.....		Indianapolis.
KEALING, CLIFFORD CLINTON.....		Indianapolis.
LEWIS, LOREN EARLE.....		Hebron.
MEANY, WILLIAM CLAIRE.....		Indianapolis.
MEHRING, ORVAL EDMUND.....		Indianapolis.
A. B., Butler College.		

NORTH, JOHN THOMAS.....	Markland.
O'HARRA, EPHRAIM.....	Geneva.
A. B., Tri-State Normal College.	

PARKER, DAVID EMERY.....	Indianapolis.
PICKENS, OWEN.....	Indianapolis.
B. S., Princeton University.	

PUGH, ROBERT ISAAC.....	Shelbyville, Ill.
RESSLER, ROY ELIAS.....	Hobbs.

NAME.	DEGREE.	RESIDENCE.
ROBINSON, EPHRAIM THOMAS.....		Glendale.
ROSS, JAMES ADRIEN.....		Muncie.
SCHUH, CHARLES JULIUS.....		Greenfield.
A. B., Tri-State Normal College.		
SMITH, CHARLES EVERETT.....		Anderson.
SPRINGER, RAYMOND SMILEY.....		Connersville.
STAPLETON, JOHN EDWARD.....		Marengo, Iowa.
UNGER, HARRY LEALAND.....		Nappanee.
VESTAL, ALLAN PEE.....		Indianapolis.
WILLSON, ROMNEY LEIGH.....		Indianapolis.
A. B., Indiana University.		
WILLIAMS, FRED LINCOLN.....		Fincastle.
Ph. B., DePauw University.		

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